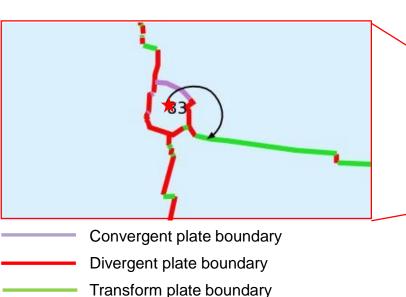


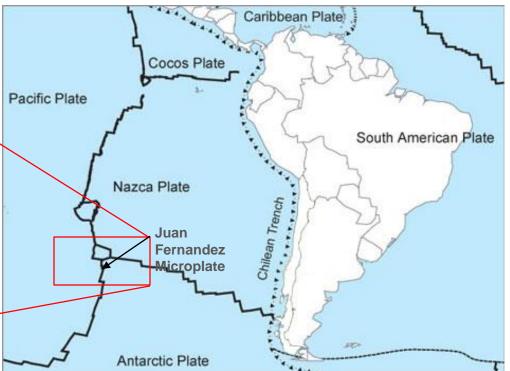


A major magnitude 7.1 earthquake occurred near the intersection of the Pacific, Nazca and Antarctic Plates. The epicenter (★) was located ~3000 km off the Chilean coast.

At the location of the earthquake, the Nazca Plate diverges from the Pacific Plate at a rate of 15 cm/yr, in a direction slightly south of due east. This earthquake

occurred near the northern boundary of the Juan Fernandez Microplate, which is itself moving in a clockwise direction.







The Modified-Mercalli Intensity scale is a twelve-stage scale, from I to XII, that indicates the severity of ground shaking.

Because of the remote location, no one was shaken by this earthquake.

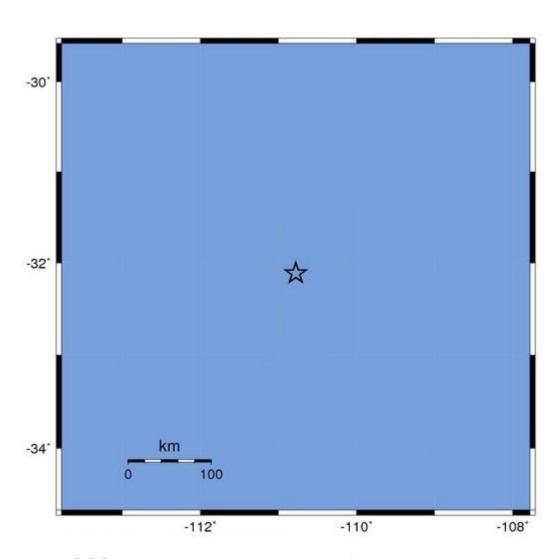
Modified Mercalli Intensity

X IX VIII VII VI N 11-111 **Perceived Shaking**

Extreme

Violent Severe **Very Strong** Moderate Light Weak

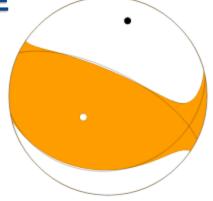
Not Felt



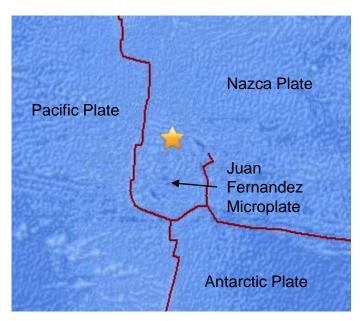
USGS Estimated shaking Intensity from M 7.1 Earthquake

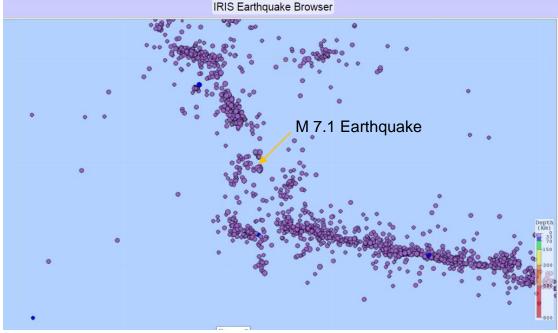


This earthquake resulted from oblique thrust faulting at a depth of approximately 15.5 km. According to the USGS, moderate sized earthquakes are not uncommon in this region, though events of this size are rare. Fifteen other M 6+ earthquakes have occurred within 500 km of this earthquake over the past century – until today none had been larger than a M 7.0 in March 1920, 400 km south of the this earthquake.



USGS Centroid **Moment Tensor** Solution

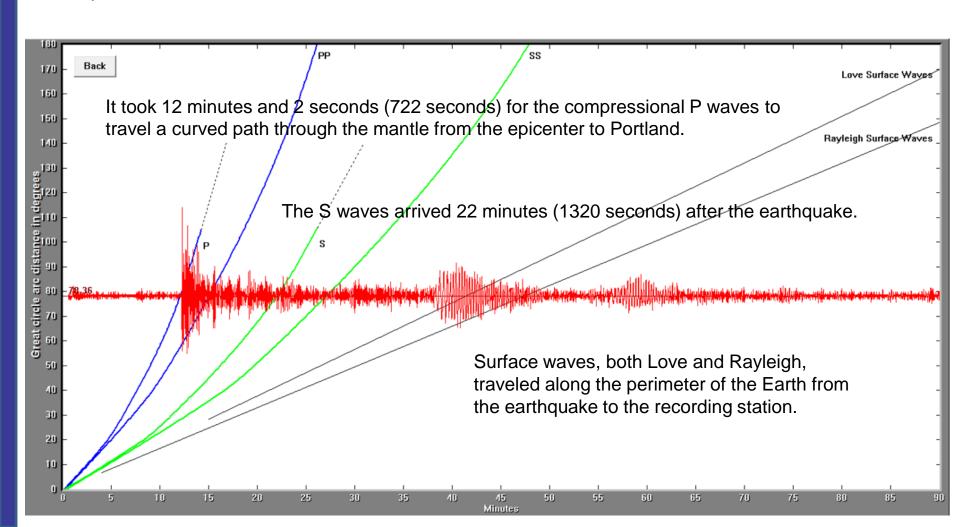




40 years of regional seismicity – most < M 6.0



The record of the earthquake on the University of Portland AS-1 seismometer is illustrated below. Portland is about 8706 km (5409 miles, 78.44 degrees) from the location of this earthquake.





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