Polar Support Services

Polar Support Services provides polar-specific engineering support for experiments in Antarctica and the Arctic, maintains and updates a specialized pool of cold-rated equipment and supports field operations in the high-latitude, cold regions of the Earth. This engineering support along with advances in technology has greatly improved data quality and return from these extremely remote and logistically expensive polar regions, optimizing experiment costs and greatly improving the scientific return for seismologist and glaciologist alike. NSF/OPP/AES supports base level engineering efforts through additions to the polar pool equipment, cold-chamber and testing facilities and engineering personnel support. In addition, IRIS also installed and now operates the Greenland Ice Sheet Monitoring Network (GLISN MRI).

Polar Network Science Committee

Jason AMUNSON Samantha HANSEN Erik IVINS Matt LAZZARA Meredith NETTLES Leigh STERNS Kent ANDERSON (obs) James GRIDLEY (obs) Paul CARPENTER (obs) Joe PETTIT (obs) Seth WHITE (obs)

学行,重要的学生,在学生,

Carol RAYMOND (Chair) UNAVCO - Jet Propulsion Lab Andy NYBLADE (Vice Chair) Pennsylvania State Univ. (IRIS) Univ. of Alaska, Southeast (IRIS) Univ. of Alabama (IRIS) Jet Propulsion Lab (UNAVCO) Univ. of Wisconsin, Madison (UNAVCO) Lamont-Doherty (Columbia Univ.) (IRIS) Univ. of Kansas (UNAVCO) GSN (IRIS) PASSCAL (IRIS) PSS (IRIS) Polar (UNAVCO) Polar (UNAVCO)



Antarctica: (purple) GSN stations, (yellow) Portable stations, (orange) other stations with data managed by the DMS. Greenland: (red) GLISN stations, (purple) GSN stations, (blue) Portable stations, (vellow) other stations with data managed by the DMS.

Experiments Supported 2012

Gimbaled 20 Hz Streamer Geophones ...

Summer-Only Quick Deploy Boxes

Antarctica (2011-2012)..

Instrument Inventory

Intermediate Period Sensors ..

Data Acquisition Systems.

Snow Streamer Channels

Broadband Sensors.

Hydrophones.

Arctic.

International Development Seismology

Through pan-IRIS coordination of programmatic resources, International IDS Committee Development Seismology (IDS) works on developing and engaging international partners who can lead and support the global societal impact of the science of seismology particularly in developing countries or regions. Recent technological advances have greatly enhanced seismologists' ability to address questions requiring large-scale, high-precision observations that were not possible even just a few years ago. Given this reduction in technical constraints, two factors now limit accelerated scientific progress in developing countries: (1) the number of scientists, engineers, and technicians able to participate in seismology projects, and (2) the availability of financial resources to sustain large-scale international projects. IRIS' commitment to facilitate seismological research includes developing partnerships to support the development of international cadres of scientific collaborators, particularly in regions with high seismic risk,

or where the use of seismological techniques can lead to the discovery of natural resources with important social and economic impact.

Participants from the "Pan-American Advanced Studies Institute on New Frontiers in Seismological Research" last July (2011). The Institute engaged graduate students, post-doctoral students, and new faculty from across the Americas in an interactive collaborative learning environment.



Susan BECK (Chair)	Univ. of Arizona
Sergio BARRIENTOS	Univ. de Chile
Noel BARSTOW	PASSCAL Instrument Center
Anne MELTZER	Lehigh Univ.
Michael PASYANOS	Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory
Wayne PENNINGTON	Michigan Technological Univ.
ay PULLIAM	Baylor Univ.
Ray RUSSO	Univ. of Florida
Eric SANDVOL	Univ. of Missouri
Niyazi TÜRKELLI	Bosphorus University, Kandilli-Turkey
Harley BENZ	US Geological Survey
Olga CABELLO	IRIS - Director of Int'l Development Seismology

dvanced Studies Institute on Earthquake L. Banakok, Thailand, Januaru 14-17, 2012	ocation,
ndividual participants	18
Countries represented	
eophysical Hazards and Plate Boundary	Processes in
Central America, Mexico and the Caribbed	ın,
October 2010, Costa Rica	
ndividual participants	81
Countries represented	21
an-American Advanced Studies Institute or	1
lew Frontiers in Seismological Research, Ju	uly 2011,
Quito, Ecuador	
ndividual participants	33
Countries represented	10

USArray Advisory Committee

Anne MELTZER (Chair) Doug CHRISTENSEN Roger HANSEN Karl KARLSTROM Vadim LEVIN Maureen LONG Nick SCHMERR Donna SHILLINGTON David SNYDER Chester WEISS Harley BENZ (ex officio) non-voting Bob WOODWARD

108

Lehigh Univ. Univ. of Alaska, Fairbanks Univ. of Alaska, Fairbanks Univ. of New Mexico Rutgers Univ. Yale Univ. NASA Goddard Space Flight Center Columbia Univ./LDEO Geological Survey of Canada Virginia Tech US Geological Survey **IRIS-USArray Director**

(red) TA stations, (yellow) MT stations, (purple) Portable stations, (blue) other stations with data anaged by the DMS.



The Magnetotelluric (MT) component of the EarthScope USArray project has Magnetotelluric Systems been making continuous observations at seven permanent MT observatories Backbone operating... that span the U.S. as well as at temporary sites. MT observations exploit the Transportable sites occupied. natural variations in the Earth's magnetic field caused by solar activity and lightning, which induce subsurface electrical currents. Observations of these electric currents provide data that complement seismological observations, as they are sensitive to different properties of the Earth.

The temporary MT measurements are made at 70-km intervals (much like the seismic Transportable Array). The instruments are deployed and operated by a combination of professional crews and students. After deployment, the instruments record autonomously for about three weeks at each site to establish a good measurement. Approximately 400 sites in the Pacific Northwest and midcontinent have been surveyed with MT instruments since 2006.

The USArray MT measurements have already provided an unprecedented view of the Earth's structure beneath Yellowstone, the Snake River Plain, and the Pacific Northwest. Data from the current deployments in the midcontinent show structure associated with the continent attempting to rift apart in the distant past.



Transportable Array

Stations November 19:

Commissioned	1498
Removed	
Operating	

The Transportable Array (TA) element of the EarthScope USArray project is a grid of seismic sensors that are "rolling" eastward across the U.S. over a ten-year period. The stations of the TA are located on a grid, with 70 km (~45 mile) spacing between sites. Each sensor resides at a single location for about two years and then is relocated to another site along the leading (eastern) edge of the rolling array. The easternmost edge of the array now extends from Florida

north to Michigan. Every station operates 24x7, transmitting data continuously via the internet. The data are freely available to scientists and the public worldwide and are used in a wide range of research and outreach activities.

> Most TA station sites are hosted by private landowners, and are constructed, installed and later removed by professional field crews at the rate of about 18 stations each month. Students from universities performed virtually all reconnaissance for TA station sites in their region. Approximately 135 students from more than 50 universities participated in site reconnaissance efforts.

Magnetotellurics



A member of the MT field crew installs a campaign instrument this summer in Illinois.



Consortium Developments

The Next 25 Years

The IRIS Workshop, June 2012 in Boise, ID, brought together seismologists and other Earth scientists to explore facilitating research in the future, as IRIS programs have since 1984. Plenary session topics including Science Drivers, New Challenges, and New Technology built towards consensus on 21st Century services.

One in Four

The NSF's proposed budget for FY 2013 included initial funding for a five-year, \$15 million project to extend operation of as many as 200 Transportable Array stations, with the objective of better characterizing earthquake hazard in the eastern United States.

At A Glance 2012

IRIS Board Directors

Brian STUMP (Chair) Matt FOUCH (Vice-Chair) Susan BILEK Emily BRODSKY Paul DAVIS John HOLE Ieroen RITSEMA Jeroen TROMP Doug WIENS

IRIS

Southern Methodist University Carnegie Institution of Washington New Mexico Tech Univ. of California, Santa Cruz Univ. of California, Los Angeles Virginia Tech Univ. of Michigan Princeton Universit Washington Univ., St. Louis

Maior Proposal

The IRIS Board of Directors led development of a proposal to NSF for operation during 2013 - 2018 of "Seismological Facilities for the Advancement of Geoscience and EarthScope". Based on broad community input, the proposed work includes merged management of the Global Seismographic Network, Transportable Array, Portable Instrumentation, Data Services, Polar Services, Education and Public Outreach, and International Development Seismology.

Education and Public Outreach

The Education and Public Outreach program is committed to advancing awareness and understanding of seismology and geophysics while inspiring careers in Earth science. The program draws upon the seismological expertise of IRIS Consortium members and combines it with the educational and outreach expertise of EPO staff to create engaging products and activities.

These products and activities are designed to impact 6th grade students to adults in a variety of settings, ranging from self-directed exploration over the Web, to an interactive museum exhibit, a major public lecture, or in-depth exploration of the Earth's interior in a formal classroom.

This summer marks the 15th year that a carefully selected group of undergraduates has

Standing Committee

Glenn KROEGER (Chair) Luciana ASTIZ Maggie BENOIT Elizabeth COCHRAN Anna COURTIER Kaz FUJITA Juan LORENZO Suzan VAN DER LEE David VOORHEES Donna CHARLEVOIX (ex officio) UNAVCO Steve SEMKEN (ex officio) John TABER

Trinity University Univ. of California, San Diego College of New Jersey USGS James Madison Univ. Michigan State Univ. Louisiana State Univ. Northwestern Univ. Waubonsee Community College Arizona State Univ. (EarthScope) IRIS-Program Manager

spent their summer conducting research under the expert guidance of IRIS consortium members and affiliates throughout the US and the world. This year 15 students conducted research at 12 different institutions, and a total of 126 students and 47 institutions have participated since 1998. Other highlights of the year have included the widely distributed Teachable Moment slide sets that are produced for use in college and school classrooms within a day of major earthquakes, new animations and videos, new content for the Active Earth Monitor, and expanded use of social media. EPO was also active in the USA Science and Engineering Festival in April, which drew 200,000 participants to the Washington, DC convention center during the 3-day event.

EPO this Year

Minority Recruitment Lectures for Internship Program	7
RIS/SSA Distinguished Lectures	9
Undergraduate summer research interns	15
Feachable Moment slide sets or information pages	13
Feachers and college faculty attending IRIS-run workshop	s175
Active Earth Monitor Display accounts	150
RIS Web site visits, unique monthly visitors5,50	00,000
Visitors to museums with IRIS/USGS displays13,00	00,000



the hammer seismograph during the 2012 intern orientation at New Mexico Tech.

Portable Seismology

IRIS facilitates portable array seismology worldwide for diverse scientific and educational communities with end-to-end experiment support services, state-of-the-art portable seismic instrumentation, and advanced field and database management tools. Over its history, PASSCAL has supported deployment of over 900 experiments to image plate boundaries, cratons, orogenic systems, rifts, faults, and magmatic systems. By integrating planning, logistical, instrumentation and engineering services and supporting the efforts with full-time professional staff, IRIS has enabled seismologists to mount large-scale experiments throughout the U.S. and around the globe.

The access to professionally supported state-of-theart equipment and archived, standardized, open data has revolutionized the way that geophysical research is conducted. IRIS influences international academic seismology by providing instrumentation to spur or augment collaborations and by pioneering standards and facilities that have been adopted by organizations worldwide.



Standing Committee

Seth MORAN (Chair) Cynthia EBINGER Ted CLARKE Katie KERANEN Jesse LAWRENCE Lee LIBERTY Meghan S. MILLER Shad O'NEEL Michael WEST Andy NYBLADE (ex officio) Penn State Univ. Rick ASTER (obs) Bruce BEAUDOIN (obs) Steve HARDER (obs) James GRIDLEY

USGS, Cascadia Volcano Observatory Univ. of Rochester Exxon-Mobil Univ. of Oklahoma Stanford Univ Boise State Univ. Univ. of Southern California USGS, Alaska Science Center Univ of Alaska, Fairbanks New Mexico Tech PASSCAL/New Mexico Tech Univ. of Texas, El Paso IRIS Program Manager

Student deploying

a portable seismic ecording system in

Global Seismographic Network

The Global Seismographic Network is a permanent telemetered network of state-of-the-art seismological and geophysical sensors. A forefront source of free and open data for seismological research and Earth science education, the network is also a principal global source of data for earthquake locations, earthquake hazard mitigation, earthquake emergency response, and tsunami warning. Current work is underway to update this 153-station, 25-year-old network to the next generation of acquisition, sensor and infrastructure systems, as well as the implementation of a revamped data quality assurance system to improve data quality and data return. Updated stations have shown remarkably improved quality and optimized operations. The GSN is primarily operated and maintained through the US Geological Survey Albuquerque Seismological Laboratory and the University of California at San Diego IRIS/IDA group, and managed by IRIS. Twenty-two affiliate stations and arrays contribute to the network, including the nine-station USGS Caribbean Network.

Standing Committee

Charles J. AMMON (chair) Caroline BEGHEIN Paul EARLE Michael HEDLIN Meredith NETTLES Andy NEWMAN Mark PANNING Gerardo SUAREZ Mike THORNE Bill LEITH (ex officio) voting Shirley BAHER (obs) Harley BENZ (obs) Jon BERGER (obs) Peter DAVIS (obs) David WILSON (obs) Lind GEE (obs) Kent ANDERSON

Penn State University Univ. of California, Los Angeles USGS, NEIC Univ. of California, San Diego Lamont-Doherty (Columbia Univ.) (IRIS) Georgia Tech Univ. of Florida Instituto de Geofisica, UNAM Univ. of Utah USGS, National Center AFTAC USGS, NEIC Univ. of California, San Diego Univ. of California, San Diego USGS, Albuquerque USGS, Albuquerque Charles McCREERY (Chip) (obs) Pacific Tsunami Warning Center, NOAA IRIS-Program Manager



Field engineers from ASL arrive at CASY (Casey Station, Antarctica) to perform an upgrade the GSN station. Travel is via an updated DC-3 on skis called a Basler.

Experiments During 2012

Number of Experiments (including USArray Flexible	e Array)
New experiments	64
Ongoing experiments	55

Data Logger Inventory

Three-channel data loggers	1292
"Texans" (including Univ. of Texas, El Paso)	260
Multichannel	10

Sensor Inventory

Broadband	
Intermediate period	12
Short period.	

• PASSCAL & Flexible Array Stations (6620)

• GSN (153) & FDSN (157) Stations

GSN Stations with:

Broadband primary seismometers	
Secondary broadband/HF seismometers	125
Strong-motion sensors	129
Borehole sensors	50
Microbarographs	75
Real-time communication	149
Next Generation data acquisition systems	
Serving as IMS Auxiliary Stations	

Data Services

Data Archived (Terabytes, as of September)

PASSCAL49	9.1
GSN).7
EarthScope27	7.3
FDSN	3.8
US Regional51	8
Other).3
Total	7.0

Data Shipped 2012 (Terabytes, projected)

Customized from Archive	87.9
Real-Time Data Distribution	69.8
Web Services	. 94.0
Data Handling Interface	15.8
Total	267.5

• Contributed Stations (6600 +)



The wide range of data products created by the DMS include visualizations of wave propagation across the Transportable Array. Rayleigh waves from the deadly Tohoku-Oki earthquake of March 2011 propagated along a great circle path and then across the Transportable Array from north to south.

The Data Management System is one of the largest scientific archives of globally distributed observational data in the world, with data from more than 150 networks operated by US agencies and partner organizations worldwide. Archiving and management of GSN, PASSCAL, EarthScope, FDSN, Regional Network, and OBSIP data is the core mission. IRIS offers a wide and growing variety of services that Earth scientists rely on worldwide. The distribution of data via web services is increasingly important. During 2011 - 2012 we sent data to scientists in roughly 150 countries.

Standing Committee

Rick ASTER (Chair) Mike BRUDZINSKI Rengin GOK Keith KOPER Dan MCNAMARA Vera SCHULTE-PELKUM Zhigang PENG Dayanthie WEERARATNE Francis WU Bruce BEAUDOIN (obs) Harold BOLTON (obs) Peter DAVIS (obs) Chad TRABANT Tim AHERN

New Mexico Tech Miami Univ. of Ohio Lawrence Livermore National Lab Univ Of Utah USGS, Denver, Colorado Univ. of Colorado Georgia Tech California State Univ., Northridge State Univ. of New York at Binghamton PASSCAL/NMT USGS, Denver, Colorado Univ. of California, San Diego IRIS-DMC IRIS-DMS Program Manager

OBSIP Stations (541)

Experiments Supported 2012

Worldwide	14
Instrument Inventory	
Short Period	9
Long Period	



Ocean bottom seismometers awaiting deployment in the Marianas Trench.

OBSIP Oversight Committee

Don FORSYTH Harm VAN AVONDONK Monica KOHLER David OKAYA Anne TREHU Doug WIENS William WILCOCK Brent EVERS

Brown Univ. Univ. of Texas California Technical Institute of Technology Univ. of Southern California Oregon State Univ. Washington Univ. in St. Louis Univ. of Washington IRIS - Program Manager

OBSIP Management Office

> The Ocean Bottom Seismograph Instrument Pool provides ocean bottom seismometers to support research and further our understanding of marine geology, seismology and geodynamics. Instrumentation includes both broadband systems for long-term deployment of passive experiments, and short period systems that are used for active seismic refraction studies in coordination with vessels towing airgun arrays. IRIS works closely with the University National Oceanographic Laboratory System in scheduling cruises to support experiments. Principal investigators at research universities can request the use of instruments as part of the NSF standard proposal process. Other private and public organizations and industry can also use the instruments upon request, depending upon availability. The program is funded by the National Science Foundation and is comprised of a Management Office and three Institutional Instrument Contributors -Lamont Doherty Earth Observatory, Scripps Institution of Oceanography, and Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution - each of whom contributes both instruments and technical support.

